Thursday, 15 March 1990

- 2. Is gravely concerned at the fact that six other Indonesians who have already spent more than 20 years in prison for the same reason are also faced with the threat of execution;
- 3. Calls on the President and Government of Indonesia to release those prisoners still awaiting execution on humanitarian grounds and to allow them to seek asylum in another country;
- 4. Calls on the Member States to grant asylum to those six prisoners and calls on the Foreign Ministers meeting in EPC to urge the Indonesian Government to release the six and allow them to leave the country;
- 5. Calls on the Commission, meanwhile, to give a clear signal to the Indonesian Government by demonstrating the appropriate restraint in granting development aid under the cooperation agreement with Indonesia;
- 6. Calls on the Member States representing the EC to bring up the issue of the executions in Indonesia at the IGGI (International Governmental Group on Indonesia) Conference;
- 7. Calls on its delegation to ASEAN to make urgent representations to the Indonesian Government about these cases;
- 8. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council, the Commission, the Foreign Ministers meeting in European Political Cooperation, the governments of the Member States and the President and Government of Indonesia.

(g) Doc. B3-556/90

RESOLUTION

on the situation in Armenia

The European Parliament,

- A. having regard to the serious humanitarian and economic situation in Armenia following the earthquake in 1988,
- B. concerned at information from Soviet opposition groups showing that 500 000 people in Armenia are homeless and some 100 000 Armenians are travelling the Soviet Union in search of homes and jobs,
- C. dismayed that a large proportion of the aid destined for the suffering Armenians has failed to reach them,
- D. concerned at the human rights situation in Nagorno-Karabakh, which is administered by Azerbaijan against the will of the majority of its inhabitants, more than 75% of whom are Armenians, and at the continuing violence in Azerbaijan,
- 1. Calls on the Commission and the Foreign Ministers meeting in EPC to urge the Soviet government to improve the humanitarian and economic situation in Armenia and to request the Soviet government to seek a peaceful solution for Armenians in Nagorno-Karabakh and elsewhere in Azerbaijan;
- 2. Calls on the United Nations to take a more active role with regard to the problem of refugees and homelessness in Armenia;
- 3. Resolves to send a small delegation to Armenia and Azerbaijan to report to Parliament and the European public on the situation of the Armenians;

Thursday, 15 March 1990

4. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Commission, the Council, the Foreign Ministers meeting in EPC, the governments of the Member States and the government of the Soviet Union.

6. Disasters

(a) Joint resolution replacing Docs. B3-535 and 594/90

RESOLUTION

on safety at the Sellafield nuclear plant

The European Parliament,

- A. having regard to Articles 2(b), 30, 31, 33 and 35 of the EURATOM Treaty and Article 118a of the EEC Treaty,
- B. having regard to the Council Directive of 15 July 1980 laying down the basic safety standards for the health protection of workers against the dangers of ionizing radiation,
- C. having regard to the study recently published in the British Medical Journal which was carried out by a team from the Medical Research Council's environmental epidemiology unit at Southampton University, headed by Professor Martin Gardner,
- D. noting that the new study links leukaemia and lymphoma in children with abnormal exposure to radiation by their fathers working in Sellafield nuclear plant.
- E. noting that the study looked at numerous possibilities to explain the high levels of leukaemia in children and the only relevant factor explaining the incidence of leukaemia, which was 2 1/2 times the national average, was the occupation of their fathers who worked at the Sellafield plant,
- 1. Views with grave concern the evidence and conclusion in the Gardner report linking exposure to radiation by nuclear workers to the incidence of leukaemia and lymphoma in their families;
- 2. Stresses the urgent need for a fundamental review of safety procedures at nuclear plants and calls on the Commission to implement its right under Article 35 of the EURATOM Treaty to inspect and monitor present operations at Sellafield in order to allay public concern;
- 3. Insists that Member States revise the radiation dose to which workers in nuclear plants are permitted to be exposed;
- 4. Expresses its profound sympathy with the sufferers of leukaemia and lymphoma and their families;
- 5. Calls for the Commission to include the health and safety of workers in nuclear plants in its priorities for the Social Action Programme;
- 6. Calls for the Commission urgently to set up an independent authority with the power
- (a) undertake enquiries into health and safety standards at nuclear plants,
- (b) enforce its recommendations through Member States' nuclear installations inspectorates,